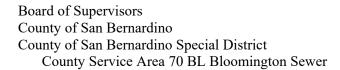
# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA 70 BL BLOOMINGTON SEWER TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2017

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#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area 70 BL Bloomington Sewer, a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise CSA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the minimum audit requirements and reporting guidelines for California Special Districts required by the Office of the State Controller. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



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Board of Supervisors County of San Bernardino County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area 70 BL Bloomington Sewer

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area 70 BL Bloomington Sewer as of June 30, 2017 and the changes in its financial position, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

#### **Other Matters**

Prior-Year Comparative Information

Prior year data has been included with the basic financial statements for comparative purposes only. The financial statements of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area 70 BL Bloomington as of June 30, 2016, were audited by other auditors whose report dated November 28, 2016 expressed unmodified opinions on those statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Eadie and Payne, LLP

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

November 22, 2017

Riverside, California

# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA 70 BL BLOOMINGTON SEWER

## Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

		For Comparative Purposes Only		
	2017	2016		
	Enterprise Fund	Enterprise Fund		
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 163,735	\$ 507,290		
Interest receivable	490	881		
Total Current Assets	164,225	508,171		
Non-Current Assets				
Capital Assets:				
Improvements to land	2,402,209	2,402,209		
Accumulated depreciation	(224,206)	(128,118)		
Total Non Current Assets	2,178,003	2,274,091		
Total Assets	2,342,228	2,782,262		
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Due to other governments		472		
Total Current Liabilities	<u> </u>	472		
Total liabilities	<del>-</del>	472		
Net positon				
Net investment in capital assets	2,178,003	2,274,091		
Unrestricted	164,225	507,699		
Total net position	\$ 2,342,228	\$ 2,781,790		

# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA 70 BL BLOOMINGTON SEWER

## Proprietary Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	2017 <u>Enterprise Fund</u>	For Comparative Purposes Only 2016 Enterprise Fund	
Operating Revenue			
Connection fees	\$ 13,000	\$ -	
Other services	387_		
Total operating revenue	13,387		
<b>Operating Expenses</b>			
Salaries and benefits	7,000	7,009	
Services and supplies	351,316	4,821	
Depreciation	96,088	96,088	
Total operating expenses	454,404	107,918	
Operating income (loss)	(441,017)	(107,918)	
Non -Operating Revenue			
Investment earnings	1,455_	1,645	
Total non operating revenue	1,455	1,645	
Other financing Sources			
Transfer in from County		517,126	
Total other financing sources	<u> </u>	517,126	
Change in net position	(439,562)	410,853	
Net position at beginning of year	2,781,790	2,370,937	
Net position at end of year	\$ 2,342,228	\$ 2,781,790	

# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA 70 BL BLOOMINGTON SEWER

## Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	2017 Enterprise Fund	For Comparative Purposes Only 2016 Enterprise Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 13,387	\$ -	
Payments to suppliers	(351,788)	(359,224)	
Payments to employees	(7,000)	(4,821)	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	(345,401)	(364,045)	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Other		585,209	
Net cash provided by noncapital			
financing activities		585,209	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Investment earnings	1,846	985	
Net cash flows provided by			
investing activities	1,846	985	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	(343,555)	222,149	
Cash and investments - Beginning of Year	507,290	285,141	
Cash and investments - End of Year	\$ 163,735	\$ 507,290	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	(441,017)	(107,918)	
Depreciation expense	96,088	96,088	
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	, ,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,	
(Increase) Decrease in interest receivable	-	(660)	
(Increase) Decrease in due from other government	-	(33,711)	
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	-	(33,710)	
Increase (Decrease) in due to other government	(472)	(284,134)	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (345,401)	\$ (364,045)	

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of County Service Area 70 BL Bloomington Sewer conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## **Reporting entity**

The County Service Area 70 BL Bloomington Sewer was established to provide sewer services to the Bloomington Area.

The CSA is a component unit of the County of San Bernardino and is governed by the actions of the County Board of Supervisors.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the accounts of the County Service Area 70 BL Bloomington Sewer of the County of San Bernardino and are not intended to present the financial position of the County taken as a whole.

Because the CSA meets the reporting entity criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the CSA's financial statements have also been included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County as a "component unit" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

## Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The CSA's financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The County has established a materiality level for recording year-end accruals. For Special Districts with appropriations of less than \$500,000, individual items of less than \$1,000 are not accrued at year end. For Special Districts with appropriations over \$500,000, individual items of less than \$5,000 are not accrued at year end.

Financial reporting is based upon all GASB pronouncements including the Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidelines.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### **Cash and investments**

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

## **Interfund receivables and payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

### **Accounts Receivable**

No allowance for uncollectibles was recorded at June 30, 2017 based on management's expectation that all accounts receivable will be collected.

#### Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories, if any, are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

## **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CSA's San Bernardino County Employee's Retirement Association (SBCERA) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SBCERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are reported in the financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land and structures and equipment) and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72.

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	40-60
Structure and improvements	5-40
Equipment and vehicles	4-15

## **Long-Term Debt and Interest Payable**

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are immediately expensed when incurred in the Government- Wide Financial Statements in addition to the Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Statements in accordance with GASB No. 65.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for governmental activities and business-type activities. In the Fund Financial Statements, only propriety fund types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

## **Use of estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Stewardship, compliance and accountability

Although the CSA prepares and adopts an annual budget, budgetary information is not presented because the CSA is not legally required to adopt a budget.

## **Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow or resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

## **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position are classified in the following categories: *Net Investment in Capital Assets* consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted Net position is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted Net position is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

#### NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments includes balances of monies deposited with the County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the CSA's account based upon the CSA's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Cash and investments are shown at the fair value as of June 30, 2017. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment earnings* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment earnings* reports interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments. The County's practice is to hold investments until maturity.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40, and fair value hierarchy disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 72. The County of San Bernardino's CAFR may be obtained from their website http://sbcounty.gov/ATC.

#### **NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	]	Beginning			Ending
		Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Improvements to land	\$	2,402,209	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,402,209
Total capital assets, being depreciated		2,402,209			2,402,209
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Improvements to land		(128,118)	(96,088)		(224,206)
Total accumulated depreciation		(128,118)	(96,088)		(224,206)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$	2,274,091	\$ (96,088)	\$ -	\$ 2,178,003

#### NOTE 4: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County has self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$3.0 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$54 million is provided through a combination of insurance policies as recommended by Alliant Insurance Services Inc., Insurance Broker as follows: Primary Liability coverage \$10 million excess of \$3.0 million self-insured retention with Security National Insurance Company (AM TRUST); Excess Liability coverage for \$4 million, excess of \$13 million with Evanston Insurance Company (Markel); and Excess Liability coverage of \$15 million, excess of \$17 million with National Casualty. Allied World Assurance Co. (AWAC) provides excess liability coverage of \$25 million, excess of \$32 million. No settlements related to these programs have exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

The Workers' Compensation program was restructured by joining CSAC-EIA (California State Association of Counties – Excess Insurance Authority) Excess Workers' Compensation Program and purchasing a policy with a \$2 million SIR and statutory limits with National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, PA. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25 thousand deductible, and insured through CSAC-EIA and reinsured with Lexington Insurance Co. and with several insurers like AWAC, Ironshore, Partner RE, and Lloyd's of London, among others.

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with a \$25 million policy (\$35 million aggregate) with BETA Risk Management Authority, which provides annual coverage on a claim made form basis with a SIR of \$1 million for each claim.

All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, with Berkley Regional Insurance Co. with a \$100 thousand deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

## NOTE 4: RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in the Risk Management Department's internal service funds ("Funds"), except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the General Fund. The liabilities recorded in these Funds are based on the results of actuarial studies and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 0.615% and an actuarially-determined 80% confidence level. It is the County's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their claims liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, at June 30, 2017.

#### **NOTE 5: CONTINGENCIES**

As of June 30, 2017, in the opinion of the CSA Administration, there are no outstanding matters, which would have a significant effect on the financial position of the CSA.

### **NOTE 6: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 22, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that there are no transactions that will have a significant impact on the CSA.